Our ref: C535-7774-US/FINAL/rliu/kevin

## What Is Claimed Is:

- 1 1. A power-on device for a circuit system having a power supply
- 2 terminal coupled to a battery and a charge input terminal coupled
- 3 to an adaptor, the power-on device comprising:
- a voltage detector having an input terminal and an output
- 5 terminal, wherein the input terminal is coupled to the battery,
- 6 wherein, when voltage of the input terminal is below a threshold
- voltage, the output terminal outputs a control signal having a
- 8 first level such that the adaptor supplies the circuit system
- 9 through the charge input terminal to start the circuit system
- and charge the battery, and, when voltage of the input terminal
- is above the threshold voltage, the output terminal outputs the
- 12 control signal having a second level such that the battery
- 13 supplies the circuit system.
- 1 2. The power-on device as claimed in claim 1 wherein the first
- 2 level is a low level, and the second level is a high level.
- 3. The power-on device as claimed in claim 2 further comprising:
- 2 a first switch having a first input terminal, a first output
- terminal, and a first control terminal, wherein the first input
- 4 terminal is coupled to the adaptor, the first control terminal
- 5 receives a first signal from the circuit system, wherein, when
- 6 the first control terminal has a low level, the first switch is
- 7 turned off, and when the first control terminal has a high level,
- 8 the first switch is turned off, and the first signal is preset
- 9 at high level;
- 10 a first diode having a first positive electrode and a first
- 11 negative electrode, wherein the first positive electrode is

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- 12 coupled to the first output terminal, and the first negative
- 13 electrode is coupled to the charge input terminal;
- a second switch having a second input terminal, a second output
- 15 terminal, and a second control terminal, wherein the second
- input terminal is coupled to the adaptor, the second control
- 17 terminal is coupled to the output terminal of the voltage
- detector, and wherein, when the second control terminal has a
- 19 low level, the second switch is turned off, and when the second
- 20 control terminal has a high level, the second switch is turned
- 21 off;
- 22 a second diode having a second positive electrode and a second
- 23 negative electrode, wherein the second positive electrode is
- 24 coupled to the second output terminal, and the second negative
- 25 electrode is coupled to the charge input terminal;
- a third diode having a third positive electrode and a third
- 27 negative electrode, wherein the third positive electrode is
- 28 coupled to the second output terminal, and the third negative
- 29 electrode is coupled to the battery;
- an inverter having an input terminal and an output terminal,
- 31 wherein the input terminal of the inverter is coupled to the
- 32 output terminal of the voltage detector; and
- 33 a third switch having a third input terminal, a third output
- 34 terminal, and a third control terminal, wherein the third input
- 35 terminal is coupled to the charge input terminal, the third
- 36 control terminal is coupled to the output terminal of the
- inverter, the third output terminal is coupled to the battery,
- 38 wherein, when the third control terminal has a low level, the
- 39 third switch is turned off, and when the third control terminal
- 40 has a high level, the third switch is turned off.

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- 4. The power-on device as claimed in claim 2 further
- 2 comprising:
- 3 a display panel; and
- 4 an analog-to-digital converter having an input terminal and
- 5 an output terminal, wherein the input terminal of the
- 6 analog-to-digital converter is coupled to the battery and the
- 7 output terminal of the analog-to-digital converter is coupled
- 8 to the display panel to show charge capacity of the battery.
- 1 5. The power-on device as claimed in claim 1 wherein the
- 2 circuit system is a handset.
- 6. The power-on method as claimed in claim 1 wherein the
- threshold voltage is 3.2V.
- 7. A power-on method for a circuit system having a power supply
- 2 terminal and a charge input terminal, comprising:
- 3 coupling the power supply terminal to a battery and the charge
- 4 input terminal to an adaptor;
- 5 detecting voltage of the pattery, wherein when voltage of the
- 6 battery is below a threshold voltage, a control signal having
- 7 a first level is output;
- 8 turning on a second switch such that the adaptor supplies the
- 9 circuit system through the charge input terminal and the second
- switch to start the circuit system and charge the battery;
- detecting voltage of the battery, wherein, when voltage of the
- 12 battery is above a threshold voltage, the control signal having
- 13 a second level is output such that the second switch is turned
- off, a third switch is turned on, the charge input terminal is

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- 15 coupled to the battery through the third switch, and the battery
- 16 supplies the circuit system; and
- outputting a switch signal from the circuit system to control
- 18 a first switch coupled between the adaptor and the charge input
- 19 terminal for controlling charge capacity.
- 1 8. The power-on method as claimed in claim 7 wherein the first
- level is a low level, and the second level is a high level.
- 9. The power-on method as claimed in claim 7 wherein the
- 2 threshold voltage is 3.2V.
- 1 10. The power-on method as claimed in claim 7 further
- 2 comprising the step of converging voltage of the battery to
- 3 display data and displaying the display data to show charge
- 4 capacity.
- 1 11. The power-on method as claimed in claim 7 wherein the
- 2 circuit system is a handset.
- 1 12. A power-on method for a circuit system, comprising:
- 2 coupling a terminal of the circuit system to a battery and the
- other terminal of the circuit system to an adaptor;
- 4 detecting voltage of the battery, wherein when voltage of
- 5 the battery is below a threshold voltage, the adaptor supplies
- 6 the circuit system to start the circuit system and charge the
- 7 battery; and
- 8 detecting voltage of the battery, wherein when voltage of the
- 9 battery is above a threshold voltage, the battery supplies the
- 10 circuit system.

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- 1 13. The power-on method as claimed in claim 12 further
- comprising the step of converging voltage of the battery to
- 3 display data and displaying the display data to show charge
- 4 capacity.

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- 1 14. The power-on method as claimed in claim 12 wherein the
- 2 circuit system is a communication apparatus.
- 1 15. The power-on method as claimed in claim 12 wherein the
- 2 threshold voltage is 3.2V.
- 1 16. The power-on method as claimed in claim 12 wherein, when
- voltage of the battery is below a threshold voltage, a control
- 3 signal having a first level is output to turn on a second switch
- 4 such that the adaptor supplies the circuit system through the
- 5 second switch to start the circuit system and charge the battery.
- 1 17. The power-on method as claimed in claim 16 wherein, when
  - voltage of the battery is above a threshold voltage, a control
- 3 signal having a second level is output to turn off the second
- 4 switch and turn on a third switch such that the circuit system
- 5 is coupled to the battery through the third switch and the
- 6 battery supplies the circuit system.